### §210.5-01

# COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL COMPANIES

# \$210.5-01 Application of \$\$210.5-01 to 210.5-04.

Sections 210.5-01 to 210.5-04 shall be applicable to financial statements filed for all persons except—

- (a) Registered investment companies (see §§ 210.6–01 to 210.6–10).
- (b) Employee stock purchase, savings and similar plans (see §§210.6A-01 to 210.6A-05).
- (c) Insurance companies (see §§ 210.7–01 to 210.7–05).
- (d) Bank holding companies and banks (see §§ 210.9-01 to 210.9-07).
- (e) Brokers and dealers when filing Form X-17A-5 [249.617] (see \$\$240.17a-5 and 240.17a-10 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934).

[50 FR 49533, Dec. 3, 1985]

#### § 210.5-02 Balance sheets.

The purpose of this rule is to indicate the various line items and certain additional disclosures which, if applicable, and except as otherwise permitted by the Commission, should appear on the face of the balance sheets or related notes filed for the persons to whom this article pertains (see §210.4–01(a)).

# ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS

Current Assets, when appropriate

## [See $\S 210.4-05$ ]

1. Cash and cash items. Separate disclosure shall be made of the cash and cash items which are restricted as to withdrawal or usage. The provisions of any restrictions shall be described in a note to the financial statements. Restrictions may include legally restricted deposits held as compensating balances against short-term borrowing arrangements, contracts entered into with others, or company statements of intention with regard to particular deposits; however, time deposits and short-term certificates of deposit are not generally included in legally restricted deposits. In cases where compensating balance arrangements exist but are not agreements which legally restrict the use of cash amounts shown on the balance sheet, describe in the notes to the financial statements these arrangements and the amount involved, if determinable, for the most recent audited balance sheet required and for any subsequent unaudited balance sheet required in the notes to the financial statements. Compensating balances that are maintained under an agreement to assure future credit availability shall be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements along with the amount and terms of such agreement.

- 2. Marketable securities. The accounting and disclosure requirements for current marketable equity securities are specified by generally accepted accounting principles. With respect to all other current marketable securities, state, parenthetically or otherwise, the basis of determining the aggregate amount shown in the balance sheet, along with the alternatives of the aggregate cost or the aggregate market value at the balance sheet date.
- 3. Accounts and notes receivable. (a) State separately amounts receivable from (1) customers (trade); (2) related parties (see § 210.4–08(k)); (3) underwriters, promoters, and employees (other than related parties) which arose in other than the ordinary course of business; and (4) others.
- (b) If the aggregate amount of notes receivable exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate amount of receivables, the above information shall be set forth separately, in the balance sheet or in a note thereto, for accounts receivable and notes receivable.
- (c) If receivables include amounts due under long-term contracts (see  $\S210.5-02.6(d)$ ), state separately in the balance sheet or in a note to the financial statements the following amounts:
- (1) Balances billed but not paid by customers under retainage provisions in contracts.
- (2) Amounts representing the recognized sales value of performance and such amounts that had not been billed and were not billable to customers at the date of the balance sheet. Include a general description of the prerequisites for billing.
- (3) Billed or unbilled amounts representing claims or other similar items subject to uncertainty concerning their determination or ultimate realization. Include a description of the nature and status of the principal items comprising such amount.
- (4) With respect to (1) through (3) above, also state the amounts included in each item which are expected to be collected after one year. Also state, by year, if practicable, when the amounts of retainage (see (1) above) are expected to be collected.
- 4. Allowances for doubtful accounts and notes receivable. The amount is to be set forth separately in the balance sheet or in a note thereto
  - $5.\ Unearned\ income.$
- 6. Inventories. (a) State separately in the balance sheet or in a note thereto, if practicable, the amounts of major classes of inventory such as: (1) Finished goods; (2) inventoried costs relating to long-term contracts or programs (see (d) below and §210.4–05); (3) work in process (see §210.4–05); (4) raw materials; and (5) supplies. If the method of